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92. Proposed by JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, LL. D., Counselor at Law, Portland, Maine.

Let ABCD be a quadrilateral inscribed in a circle. Draw the diagonals AC and BD. Show that AB.BC:DC.AD=BD:AC. [From a note in Young's Geometry, edition of 1830.]

93. Proposed by G. B. M. ZERR, A. M., Ph. D., President and Professor of Mathematics in Russell College, Lebanon, Va.

While surveying in a level field I notice a mountain behind a hill. Wishing to know the height of each I take the angles of elevation of the tops of both and find them to be  $\beta=45^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta=40^{\circ}$ , I then measure a straight line a=400 feet and find the angles of elevation of the tops to be  $\gamma=42^{\circ}$ ,  $\mu=38^{\circ}$ . After measuring b=300 feet more in the same straight line I find the elevations to be  $\lambda=40^{\circ}$ ,  $\nu=36^{\circ}$ . Find the height of each.

\*\* Solutions of these problems should be sent to B. F. Finkel, not later than May 10.

## CALCULUS.

73. Proposed by MOSES COBB STEVENS, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Pur due University, Lafayette, Ind.

Solve 
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \log(1 - \tan x) dx$$

74. Proposed by EDWARD R. ROBBINS, A. B., Mathematical Master in the Lawrenceville School, Lawrenceville, N. J.

A circular ring, whose radii are a and b, is cut by a plane making the area of the section (or sections) a maximum. Required the position of the plane, and the nature and area of the section (or sections).

\*\*\* Solutions of these problems should be sent to J. M. Colaw, not later than May 10.

## DIOPHANTINE ANALYSIS.

64. Proposed by JOHN M. COLAW, A. M., Monterey, Va.

Find two cubic proper fractions whose product is a square proper fraction. Can a general solution be made?

- 65. Proposed by F. P. MATZ, D. Sc., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Irving College, Mechanicsburg, Pa.
- Find (1) four consecutive numbers whose sum is a square, and (2) four consecutive numbers the sum of whose squares is a square.
- \*\* Solutions of these problems should be sent to J. M. Colaw, not later than May 10.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

60. Proposed by G. B. M. ZERR, A. M., Ph. D., President and Professor of Mathematics, The Russell College, Lebanon, Va.

A tube of uniform cross section, small compared with its length, is bent into the form of a cycloid, its open ends lying at the cusps, and this cycloid is placed with its axis vertical and its vertex downwards. Equal quantities of fluids of specific gravity  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_2$  are